Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Guadalupe, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

The Town of Guadalupe, Arizona has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 48 through 51, Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability – Cost-Sharing Pension Plans on pages 52 through 53, Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – Agent Pension Plans on pages 54 through 55, and Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions on pages 56 through 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the

information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2018, on our consideration of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

## Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the Town solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

December 17, 2018

My & Powell, PLC

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,746,224	\$ 1,063,267	\$ 2,809,491		
Taxes receivable - net	298,248	-	298,248		
Miscellaneous receivables	3,280	-	3,280		
Due from other governments	259,212	169,699	428,911		
Prepaid expenses	18,326	1,535	19,861		
Notes receivable - net	702,865	-	702,865		
Net other postemployment benefits asset	3,834	309	4,143		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	7,050,169	84,703	7,134,872		
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	11,781,585	263,154	12,044,739		
Total assets	21,863,743	1,582,667	23,446,410		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S				
Deferred outflows related to pensions					
and other postemployment benefits	617,341	15,622	632,963		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	303,759	25,793	329,552		
Accrued expenses	89,241	3,519	92,760		
Court bonds payable	106,035	-	106,035		
Unearned revenue	529,559	-	529,559		
Refundable deposits	-	9,054	9,054		
Noncurrent liabilities					
Due within 1 year	120,400	3,090	123,490		
Due in more than 1 year	3,879,170	88,639	3,967,809		
Total liabilities	5,028,164	130,095	5,158,259		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions					
and other postemployment benefits	152,419	9,001	161,420		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	17,149,012	347,857	17,496,869		
Restricted for:					
Community service	1,631	-	1,631		
Community development	862,240	-	862,240		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(712,382)	1,111,336	398,954		
Total net position	\$ 17,300,501	\$ 1,459,193	\$ 18,759,694		

# **Statement of Activities** Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenue		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
		Charges	Operating	Capital	I	Primary Governmen	it	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities								
Public safety	\$ 3,146,777	\$ 193,717	\$ 41,245	\$ 33,315	\$ (2,878,500)	\$ -	\$ (2,878,500)	
General government	1,020,658	274,193	100,048	=	(646,417)	-	(646,417)	
Public works and streets	744,849	-	429,191	179,365	(136,293)	-	(136,293)	
Health and welfare	352,541	-	229,935	-	(122,606)	-	(122,606)	
Culture and recreation	161,763	23,164	2,000	-	(136,599)	-	(136,599)	
Community development	181,624	-	5,799	307,883	132,058	-	132,058	
Interest on general long-term debt	27,103	-	-	-	(27,103)	-	(27,103)	
Total governmental activities	5,635,315	491,074	808,218	520,563	(3,815,460)	-	(3,815,460)	
Business-type activities								
Sewer	156,529	80,755	_	_	_	(75,774)	(75,774)	
Tianguis	131,490	126,569	_	_	_	(4,921)	(4,921)	
Refuse	326,756	327,891	_	_	_	1,135	1,135	
Total business-type activities	614,775	535,215	-		_	(79,560)	(79,560)	
Total primary government	\$ 6,250,090	\$ 1,026,289	\$ 808,218	\$ 520,563	(3,815,460)	(79,560)	(3,895,020)	
	General revenue:							
	Taxes:							
	Sales taxes				2,137,573	-	2,137,573	
	Bed taxes				405,035	-	405,035	
	Franchise taxes				26,574	-	26,574	
	State revenue sha	ring			784,774	-	784,774	
	State sales tax rev	enue sharing			610,177	-	610,177	
	Auto lieu tax reve	enue sharing			262,424	-	262,424	
	Interest income				16,732	15,336	32,068	
	Miscellaneous				15,530	-	15,530	
-	<b>Fransfers</b>				51,135	(51,135)		
	_	evenue and transfer	s		4,309,954	(35,799)	4,274,155	
	Change in net p				494,494	(115,359)	379,135	
		inning of year, as re	estated		16,806,007	1,574,552	18,380,559	
	Net position, end	of year			\$ 17,300,501	\$ 1,459,193	\$ 18,759,694	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. - 5 -

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

ASSEIS	General Fund	Community Development Grants Fund	HURF/LTAF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,361,165	\$ 177,761	\$ 194,669	\$ 12,629	\$1,746,224
Taxes receivable - net	298,248	-	-	-	298,248
Miscellaneous receivables	2,408	702,866	-	772	706,046
Due from other governments	120,862	3,478	112,344	22,528	259,212
Prepaid expenses	10,915	105	6,353	953	18,326
Total assets	1,793,598	884,210	313,366	36,882	3,028,056
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	101,359	22	181,753	20,625	303,759
Accrued expenses	73,827	-	6,613	8,801	89,241
Court bonds payable	106,035	-	-	-	106,035
Unearned revenue	376,786	21,948	125,000	5,825	529,559
Total liabilities	658,007	21,970	313,366	35,251	1,028,594
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue		702,766			702,766
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	10,915	105	6,353	953	18,326
Restricted for:					
Community development	-	159,369	-	-	159,369
Community service	-	-	-	678	678
Unassigned	1,124,676		(6,353)		1,118,323
Total fund balances	1,135,591	159,474		1,631	1,296,696
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$1,793,598	\$ 884,210	\$ 313,366	\$ 36,882	\$3,028,056

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 1,296,696
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	18,831,754
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in	
the funds.	702,865
Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available	
for Town operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,834
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and bonds	
payable, are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(3,999,570)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to	
pensions/OPEB and deferred charges or credits on debt refundings	
are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	 464,922
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 17,300,501

# Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Community Development Grants Fund	HURF/LTAF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue					
Intergovernmental	\$2,008,633	\$ 307,883	\$ 608,555	\$ 215,033	\$3,140,104
Taxes	2,569,182	-	-	-	2,569,182
Charges for services	143,879	-	-	-	143,879
Licenses and permits	134,753	-	-	-	134,753
Other revenue	22,254	40,456	-	14,902	77,612
Fines and forfeitures	31,067	-	-	-	31,067
Interest	12,336		4,398		16,734
Total revenue	4,922,104	348,339	612,953	229,935	6,113,331
Expenditures					
Current					
Public safety	3,049,133	-	-	-	3,049,133
General government	944,889	-	-	-	944,889
Public works and streets	11,356	-	382,192	-	393,548
Health and welfare	-	-	-	332,969	332,969
Culture and recreation	162,260	-	-	-	162,260
Community development	42,931	3,067	-	-	45,998
Debt Service					
Principal	1,245	-	-	235,000	236,245
Interest	275	-	-	59,319	59,594
Capital outlay	607,952	307,883	299,514	15,516	1,230,865
Total expenditures	4,820,041	310,950	681,706	642,804	6,455,501
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures	102,063	37,389	(68,753)	(412,869)	(342,170)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Capital lease acquisition	563,036	_	_	_	563,036
Transfers in (out)	(420,542)	_	57,177	414,500	51,135
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	142,494		57,177	414,500	614,171
Net change in fund balances	244,557	37,389	(11,576)	1,631	272,001
Fund balances, beginning of year	891,034	122,085	11,576		1,024,695
Fund balances, end of year	\$1,135,591	\$ 159,474	\$ -	\$ 1,631	\$1,296,696

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 272,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	1,230,865 (669,761)	561,104
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Change in HOME note receivables		(34,657)
Town pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the statement of activities.  Town pension/OPEB contributions	204,371	
Pension/OPEB expense	(253,217)	(48,846)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.  Capital leases incurred	(563,036)	
Debt principal repayments  Amortization of loan premium	236,245 32,491	(294,300)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.		
Decrease in Parker Case liability	53,246	
Increase in compensated absences payable	(14,054)	 39,192
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 494,494

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds						
		Tianguis	-				
	Sewer	Econ. Dev.	Refuse				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total			
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 917,757	\$ -	\$ 145,510	\$ 1,063,267			
Due from other governments	33,600	-	136,099	169,699			
Prepaid expenses	105	502	928	1,535			
Due from other funds	70,443	-	-	70,443			
<b>Total current assets</b>	1,021,905	502	282,537	1,304,944			
N							
Noncurrent assets	220	0.1		200			
Net other postemployment benefits asset	228	81	-	309			
Capital assets, net of accumulated							
depreciation, where applicable:		0.4.702		04.702			
Land	-	84,703	-	84,703			
Utilities systems, net	205,130	-	-	205,130			
Buildings, net  Total noncurrent assets	205,358	58,024 142,808		58,024 348,166			
	<del></del> -						
Total assets	1,227,263	143,310	282,537	1,653,110			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions and other							
postemployment benefits	11,502	4,120		15,622			
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	29	19,726	6,038	25,793			
Accrued expenses	2,478	1,041	-	3,519			
Refundable deposits	2,170	9,054	_	9,054			
Compensated absences - current portion	2,726	364	-	3,090			
Due to other funds	-,,,_0	70,443	_	70,443			
Total current liabilities	5,233	100,628	6,038	111,899			
Noncurrent liabilities	202	40		2.42			
Compensated absences	303	40	-	343			
Net pension and other postemployment benefits  Total noncurrent liabilities	65,010	23,286		88,296 88,639			
Total liabilities	70,546	123,954	6,038	200,538			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pensions and other							
postemployment benefits	6,627	2,374		9,001			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	205,130	142,727	_	347,857			
Unrestricted (deficit)	956,462	(121,625)	276,499	1,111,336			
Total net position	\$ 1,161,592	\$ 21,102	\$ 276,499	\$ 1,459,193			

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds						
		Tianguis					
	Sewer	Econ. Dev.	Refuse				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total			
Operating revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 80,755	\$ -	\$ 327,891	\$ 408,646			
Rents (net of bad debts of \$25,419)	-	126,569	-	126,569			
Total operating revenues	80,755	126,569	327,891	535,215			
Operating expenses							
Professional services	251	1,102	324,393	325,746			
Personnel	79,962	8,758	-	88,720			
Depreciation	63,225	18,388	-	81,613			
Utilities	357	60,626	-	60,983			
Repairs and maintenance	10,492	14,494	-	24,986			
Materials and supplies	1,239	20,544	-	21,783			
Insurance	807	5,486	2,363	8,656			
Miscellaneous	196	2,092	-	2,288			
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	156,529	131,490	326,756	614,775			
Operating income (loss)	(75,774)	(4,921)	1,135	(79,560)			
Nonoperating revenue							
Investment income	15,336			15,336			
Income (loss) before transfers	(60,438)	(4,921)	1,135	(64,224)			
Transfers	(51,135)	<u>-</u>		(51,135)			
Increase (decrease) in net position	(111,573)	(4,921)	1,135	(115,359)			
Total net position, beginning of year, as restated	1,273,165	26,023	275,364	1,574,552			
Total net position, end of year	\$ 1,161,592	\$ 21,102	\$ 276,499	\$ 1,459,193			

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds							
		Tianguis						
	Sewer	Econ. Dev.	Refuse					
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total				
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$ 53,853	\$ 132,954	\$ 218,753	\$ 405,560				
Payments to suppliers and providers of								
goods and services	(191)	(117,310)	(327, 139)	(444,640)				
Payments to employees	(76,549)	(8,766)		(85,315)				
Net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities	(22,887)	6,878	(108,386)	(124,395)				
Cash flows from noncapital								
financing activities:								
Interfund transfer	(51,135)	-	-	(51,135)				
Interfund loans	(13,081)	13,081	-	-				
Net cash provided by (used by)								
noncapital financing activities	(64,216)	13,081		(51,135)				
Cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets	(29,000)	(19,959)		(48,959)				
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received on investments	15,336			15,336				
Net increase (decrease) in cash								
and cash equivalents	(100,767)	-	(108,386)	(209,153)				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,018,524		253,896	1,272,420				
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 917,757	\$ -	\$ 145,510	\$ 1,063,267				

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

(Continued)

		Busi	ness-t	type Activit	iesE	nterprise F	unds	
			Т	`ianguis				
		Sewer	Econ. Dev.		Refuse			
	Fund		Fund		Fund			Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					-			
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(75,774)	\$	(4,921)	\$	1,135	\$	(79,560)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by (used by) operating activities:								
Depreciation		63,225		18,388		_		81,613
Bad debts		_		25,419		_		25,419
Changes in assets, deferred outflows				,				ŕ
of resources, liabilities, and deferred								
inflows of resources:								
Accounts receivable		-		(14,287)		-		(14,287)
Due from other governments		(26,902)		_	(	(109,138)		(136,040)
Prepaid expenses		73		995		(928)		140
Net pension and other postemployment								
benefits asset		(228)		(81)		-		(309)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions								
and other postemployment benefits		4,064		7,508		-		11,572
Accounts payable		20		26		545		591
Accrued expenses		1,343		(242)		-		1,101
Refundable deposits		-		(4,859)		-		(4,859)
Compensated absences payable		2,070		234		-		2,304
Net pension and other postemploy ment								
benefits liability		10,322		(17,849)		-		(7,527)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions								
and other postemployment benefits		(1,100)		(3,453)				(4,553)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(22,887)	\$	6,878	\$ (	(108,386)	\$	(124,395)

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona, conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's significant accounting policies are as follows.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. GASB Statement No. 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing net assets or liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided through defined benefit OPEB plans. In addition, Statement No. 75 requires disclosure of information related to OPEB.

### A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Town (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. The component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end.

The Town of Guadalupe Municipal Property Corporation is an Arizona nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona. The principal objective of the Corporation is to assist the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona, in acquiring, constructing, operating, improving or modifying public facilities for the benefit of all the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona residents. The Town of Guadalupe Municipal Property Corporation is a blended component unit.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Town as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements – provide information about the primary government (the Town) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. They also

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town and between the Town and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements – provide information about the Town's funds, including blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and proprietary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values. Revenues generated by ancillary activities are also reported as nonoperating revenues.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Community Development Grants Fund* accounts for specific grant revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for community development.

The *HURF/LTAF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund and Local Transportation Assistance Fund that is legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Sewer Fund, Tianguis Economic Development Fund, and Refuse Fund account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the Town Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the Town Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

## C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

### E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are estimated by the Town. The amount recorded as uncollectible at June 30, 2018 for the Tianguis Economic Development Fund was \$15,000. The amount recorded as uncollectible at June 30, 2018 for notes receivable in the Governmental Activities was \$727,303 (see Note 5).

## F. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated
	Thi	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	n/a	n/a
Construction in progress		5,000	n/a	n/a
Buildings and building improvements		5,000	Straight-line	50
Land improvements		5,000	Straight-line	10
Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	5
Streets		5,000	Straight-line	40
Curbs and gutters		5,000	Straight-line	40
Street lights		5,000	Straight-line	40

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

### **G.** Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

#### H. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate up to 480 hours of sick leave hours but any sick hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

#### I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

## J. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

## **K.** Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the Town Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Town Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

The Town's policy for committed fund balances is through formal Town resolutions passed through the elected town council. The process of rescinding a committed fund balance requires the same process.

The Town's policy for assigned fund balances is through motions passed by the elected town council. Assigned fund balances do not require a formal resolution.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

### L. Budgets

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual budgetary comparison schedules as listed in the table of contents present all major governmental funds which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2018, if any.

## NOTE 2 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Net position as of July 1, 2017, has been restated as follows for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (OPEB), as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*.

	Governmental Activities			siness-type Activities	Total		
Net position as previously reported at June 30, 2017	\$	16,830,483	\$	1,574,537	\$	18,405,020	
Prior period adjustments- implementation of GASB 75: Net OPEB liability (measurement date as of June							
30, 2016) Deferred outflows-Town contributions made during		(32,277)		(368)		(32,645)	
fiscal year 2017		7,801		383		8,184	
Total prior period adjustment		(24,476)		15		(24,461)	
Net position, as restated, July 1, 2017	\$	16,806,007	\$	1,574,552	\$	18,380,559	
		Sewer	Tiang	uis Econ. Dev. Fund			
Net position as previously reported at June 30, 2017	\$	1,273,154	\$	26,019			
Prior period adjustments- implementation of GASB 75: Net OPEB liability (measurement date as of June							
30, 2016) Deferred outflows-Town contributions made during		(271)		(97)			
fiscal year 2017		282		101			
Total prior period adjustment		11		4			
Net position, as restated, July 1, 2017	\$	1,273,165	\$	26,023			

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the Town Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

#### Credit Risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

#### Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

### Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk

#### Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

### Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The Town does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

## NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

*Deposits* – At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Town's total nonpooled cash in bank was \$138,188, and the bank balance was \$177,338. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance as of June 30, 2018.

*Investments*—At June 30, 2018, the investments consisted of the following.

	Rating	Credit	Reported	Fair
Investment	Organization	Rating	Amount	Value
Arizona LGIP Pool 5	S&P	AAA	\$2,661,622	\$2,661,622

Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the Town held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools.

#### *NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS*

Due from other governments for each governmental fund consisted of the following:

							Coı	nmunity
	Community							ervice
			Deve	elopment				Grants
	C	eneral	C	Frants	HU	RF/LTAF		Fund
		Fund	Fund			Fund	(no	n-major)
State of Arizona	\$	33,391	\$	-	\$	112,344	\$	-
Maricopa County		6,250		-		-		-
Other governments		81,221		3,478				22,528
				_		_		
	\$	120,862	\$	3,478	\$	112,344	\$	22,528

Due from other governments for the Sewer and Refuse Funds consisted of amounts due from the City of Tempe totaling \$33,600 and \$136,099, respectively.

#### NOTE 5 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

On the government-wide statement of net position, the Town recognizes notes receivable from individuals who are part of the Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME). Through the HOME program, qualifying families receive grant funding towards buying a home and in return sign a note agreement payable to the Town. The Town places a lien on the property for the amount of the HOME funds the family receives. Note maturities vary from 10 to 30 years with interest rates that are below market. Proceeds from principal and interest payments are applied to other HOME program expenses. Some of the loans stipulate that the loan amount is forgiven over the life of the loan on a straight-line basis. The Town has recorded the loan balance net of amounts expected to be forgiven.

Notes receivables at June 30, 2018 consisted of \$1,430,168 of which \$727,303 are expected to be forgiven. The notes receivable balance – net totaled \$702,865.

#### NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 10,995	\$ -	\$ 10,995
Land	7,039,174	-	-	7,039,174
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	7,039,174	10,995		7,050,169
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and building improvements	4,072,610	18,503	-	4,091,113
Land improvements	2,615,295	-	-	2,615,295
Equipment	2,395,275	618,395	-	3,013,670
Street lights	472,427	-	-	472,427
Streets	5,189,406	582,972	-	5,772,378
Curbs and gutters	4,594,274			4,594,274
Total	19,339,287	1,219,870		20,559,157
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and building improvements	(2,436,836)	(69,497)	-	(2,506,333)
Land improvements	(600,577)	(134,941)	-	(735,518)
Equipment	(2,008,318)	(137,844)	-	(2,146,162)
Street lights	(169,116)	(24,909)	-	(194,025)
Streets	(1,699,690)	(172,250)	-	(1,871,940)
Curbs and gutters	(1,193,274)	(130,320)		(1,323,594)
Total	(8,107,811)	(669,761)		(8,777,572)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,231,476	550,109		11,781,585
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,270,650	\$ 561,104	\$ -	\$ 18,831,754

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

		Balance ly 1, 2017	In	icreases	Deci	reases		Balance ne 30, 2018
Business-type activities:		<del>, ,</del>					_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	84,703	\$		\$	-	\$	84,703
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Utility systems		1,819,472		29,000		-		1,848,472
Equipment		91,421		-		-		91,421
Buildings		25,000		-		-		25,000
Building improvements		587,667		19,959		-		607,626
Total		2,523,560		48,959		-		2,572,519
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility systems	(	(1,640,936)		(47,220)		-	(	(1,688,156)
Equipment		(30,602)		(16,005)		-		(46,607)
Buildings		(25,000)		-		-		(25,000)
Building improvements		(531,214)		(18,388)		-		(549,602)
Total	(	(2,227,752)		(81,613)		-		(2,309,365)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		295,808		(32,654)		-		263,154
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	380,511	\$	(32,654)	\$	_	\$	347,857
Depreciation expense was charged to fun  Governmental activities: Highways and streets Public safety General government Community development Health and welfare  Total governmental activities depreciation of			ws:			\$	349,5 86,7 74,6 136,1 22,6	729 661 188 664
Total governmental activities depreciation e  Business-type activities:  Tianguis center Sewer	exper	ise				\$	18,3 63,2	388
Total business-type activities depreciation	expe	nse				\$	81,6	513

#### NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

The Town has received advanced contract payments for the lease of billboard space with a term of 20-years. The Town recognizes revenue annually at  $1/20^{th}$  of the contract price. The remaining amount is recorded as unearned revenue that will be recognized as revenue over the life of the contract. The amount deferred for the billboard contract at June 30, 2018 is \$247,501. The remaining balance of unearned revenue in the governmental funds consists of grant advances in which the Town had not yet fulfilled contract requirements to recognize revenue.

#### *NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES*

Loans – The Town's loans payable consist of a loan of \$2,145,000 received through the Greater Arizona Development Authority (GADA). The loan requires principal payments annually beginning July 1, 2014 with interest payments of 2.00 percent paid semiannually on July 1 and January 1 with the first interest payment due July 1, 2014. Total loan net proceeds of \$2,389,785 were used to refinance a prior loan through GADA. State-shared General Fund revenues are used as security for the loan payable.

Loans payable at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Description	Face	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding
	Value	Ranges	Rate	June 30, 2018
Loan payable	\$ 2,145,000	2014-2023	2.00%	\$ 1,045,000

# NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details the Town's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2018.

		Balance					]	Balance	Dι	ie within	
	Jι	ıly 1, 2017	A	dditions	Re	Reductions		June 30, 2018		1 year	
Governmental activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	49,352	\$	14,054	\$	-	\$	63,406	\$	57,065	
Net pension liability		2,212,988		40,434		-		2,253,422		-	
Capital lease payable		3,998		563,036		1,245		565,789		50,467	
Loans payable		1,280,000		-		235,000		1,045,000		-	
Loan premium		104,444		-		32,491		71,953		12,868	
Governmental activities											
long-term liabilities	\$	3,650,782	\$	617,524	\$	268,736	\$	3,999,570	\$	120,400	
		_									
Business-type activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	1,129	\$	2,304	\$	-	\$	3,433	\$	3,090	
Net pension liability		95,455				7,159		88,296			
Business-type activities		_									
long-term liabilities	\$	96,584	\$	2,304	\$	7,159	\$	91,729	\$	3,090	
•											

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's loan payable at June 30, 2018.

	Governmental Activities								
Year		Loan Payable							
Ending		Premium	_						
June 30	Principal	Amortization	Interest						
2019	\$ -	\$ 12,868	\$ 34,382						
2020	245,000	23,569	13,881						
2021	255,000	18,816	8,434						
2022	265,000	12,438	1,562						
2023	280,000	4,262	_						
Total	\$1,045,000	\$ 71,953	\$ 58,259						

## NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Capital leases—The Town has acquired equipment under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease for accounting purposes because it provides for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Government Activities					
Fire truck	\$	563,036				
Copier		9,702				
		572,738				
Less: accumulated depreciation		(46,756)				
Carrying value	\$	525,982				

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's capital leases payable at June 30, 2018:

Year Ending	Government			
June 30		Activities		
2019	\$	67,491		
2020	Ψ	67,491		
2021		65,971		
2022		65,971		
2023		65,971		
2024-2028		329,855		
Total minimum lease payments		662,750		
Less amount representing interest		(96,961)		
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	565,789		

#### NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities		iness-type ctivities	Total		
Net OPEB assets	\$	3,834	\$ 309	\$	4,143	
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		2,253,422	88,296		2,341,718	
Deferred outflows of resources						
related to pension and OPEB		617,341	15,622		632,963	
Deferred inflows of resources						
related to pension and OPEB		152,419	9,001		161,420	
Pension and OPEB expense		253,217	5,001		258,218	

The Town reported \$204,371 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

## NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

## A. Arizona State Retirement System

**Plan Description** – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

**Benefits Provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:		
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011	
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55	
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60	
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62	
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*	
		Any years age 65	
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months	
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%	

<sup>\*</sup>With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2018, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.50 percent (11.34 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.50 percent (10.90 percent for retirement, 0.44 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.49 percent (9.26 percent for retirement, 0.01 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.13 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The Town's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$76,481, \$3,087, and \$1,117, respectively.

During fiscal year 2018, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 61.46 percent from the General Fund, 14.73 percent from the HURF/LTAF Fund, 16.34 percent from the Community Services Grants Fund (nonmajor), 5.50 percent from the Sewer Fund, and 1.97 percent from the Tianguis Economic Development Fund.

**Liability** - At June 30, 2018, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPEB	
	(Ass	et) Liability
Pension	\$	1,179,258
Health insurance premium benefit		(4,143)
Long-term disability		2,744

### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, reflects a change in actuarial assumption related to changes in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

The Town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Town's proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2016, were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
_	June 30, 2017	from June 30, 2016
Pension	0.00757%	-0.00040%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00761%	0.00000%
Long-term disability	0.00757%	0.00000%

The net asset and net liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the Town's net asset and net liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

**Expense** – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB	
	Expense	
Pension	63,060	
Health insurance premium benefit	2,422	
Long-term disability	1,463	

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**—At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Pens	sion		Hea	alth Insura Ber	nce Pr nefit	emium
	Ου	referred atflows of esources	D In	eferred flows of esources	Out	ferred flows of ources	De Inf	ferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or	\$	-	\$	35,361	\$	-	\$	-
other inputs  Net difference between  projected and actual earnings on		51,218		35,262		-		-
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate		8,466		-		-		4,665
share of contributions		68,755		44,795		-		4
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		76,481				3,087		
Total	\$	204,920	\$	115,418	\$	3,087	\$	4,669
	Ου	Long-Term referred atflows of esources	D In	bility eferred flows of esources				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	410				
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,117						
Total	\$	1,117	\$	410				

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

			Health	Insurance	Long-Term
Year ended June 30,	P	ension	Premi	um Benefit_	Disability
2019	\$	(9,876)	\$	(1,168)	(103)
2020		39,645		(1,168)	(103)
2021		10,379		(1,166)	(103)
2022		(27,126)		(1,166)	(103)
2023		-		-	-
Thereafter		_		_	_

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

#### **ASRS**

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3 - 6.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 8.70 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Equity	58%	6.73%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Realestate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.84%
Total	100%	

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1%	6 Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
		(7%)		(8%)		(9%)
Town's Proportionate share of the						
Net pension liability	\$	1,513,599	\$	1,179,258	\$	899,889
Net insurance premium benefit						
liability (asset)		6,880		(4,143)		(13,511)
Net long-term disability liability		3,281		2,744		2,289

**Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

#### **B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System**

Plan Descriptions – Town police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at <a href="https://www.psprs.com">www.psprs.com</a>.

**Benefits Provided** – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

# NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:				
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017			
Retirement and Disability					
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years			
Benefit percentage					
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retireme	nt, whichever is greater			
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater				
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20				
Survivor Benefit					
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired n	nember's pension benefit			
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The adjustments are based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms** – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Fire				
	Pension	Health			
T					
Inactive employees or					
beneficiaries currently receiving					
benefits	1	1			
Inactive employees entitled to					
but not yet receiving benefits	-	-			
Active employees	4	4			
Total	5	5			

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			Town-Health
	Active Member-		Insurance
	Pension	Town-Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Fire	7.65% - 11.65%	35.84%	0.85%

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2018, were:

			Healtl	n Insurance
	<u> </u>	Pension	Premi	ium Benefit
PSPRS Fire	\$	119,326	\$	2,830

During fiscal year 2018, the Town paid for 100 percent of PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

**Liability** – At June 30, 2018, the Town reported the following liability:

	Net Per	Net Pension (Asset) Liability		OPEB (Asset)
	L			Liability
PSPRS Fire	\$	1,140,569	\$	19,147

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2017, reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5 percent to 7.4 percent, decreasing the wage inflation from 4 percent to 3.5 percent, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions. The total pension liabilities for PSPRS also reflect changes of benefit terms for legislation that changed benefit eligibility and multipliers for employees who became members on or after January 1, 2012, and before July 1, 2017, and a court decision that decreased the contribution rates for employees who became members before July 20, 2011. The court decision will also affect the PSPRS net pension liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018, because of refunds of excess member contributions. The change in the Town's PSPRS net pension liabilities as a result of the refunds is not known.

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

#### **PSPRS**

Healthcare cost trend rate

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.40%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with
	adjustments to match current experience

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

Not applicable

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.25%
Absolute return	2%	3.75%
Risk parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed Income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTAA	10%	3.96%
Private credit	12%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Credit opportunities	16%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100%	

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

**Discount Rates** – At June 30, 2017, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was a decrease of 0.1 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Pension

# **Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)**

			se (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Fiduciary Net osition (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	1,952,547	\$ 930,543	\$	1,022,004	
Changes for the year						
Service Cost		79,931	-		79,931	
Interest on the total liability		147,625	-		147,625	
Changes of benefit terms		15,342	-		15,342	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience in the						
measurement of the liability		134,105	-		134,105	
Changes of assumptions or						
other inputs		(13,572)	-		(13,572)	
Contributions-employer		-	94,415		(94,415)	
Contributions-employee		_	37,461		(37,461)	
Net investment income		-	114,391		(114,391)	
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of employee		(48,359)	(48,359)		-	
Administrative expense		=	(1,412)		1,412	
Other changes		-	11		(11)	
Net changes		315,072	 196,507		118,565	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	2,267,619	\$ 1,127,050	\$	1,140,569	

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

#### **Health Insurance Premium Benefit**

	Increase (Decrease)									
	Tota	al OPEB	Plan F	iduciary Net	Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)					
	Lia	bility (a)	Pos	sition (b)						
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	61,427	\$	33,702	\$	27,725				
Changes for the year		_				_				
Service Cost		1,159		-		1,159				
Interest on the total liability		4,605		-		4,605				
Differences between expected										
and actual experience in the										
measurement of the liability		(154)		-		(154)				
Changes of assumptions or										
other inputs		(7,094)		-		(7,094)				
Contributions-employer		-		3,059		(3,059)				
Net investment income		-		4,071		(4,071)				
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of employee		(1,200)		(1,200)		-				
Administrative expense		-		(36)		36				
Other changes		-		-		-				
Net changes		(2,684)		5,894		(8,578)				
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	58,743	\$	39,596	\$	19,147				

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.4%)		 rent Discount ate (7.4%)	1% Increase (8.4%)		
PSPRS Fire						
Net pension (asset) liability	\$	1,498,298	\$ 1,140,569	\$	850,312	
Net OPEB (asset) liability		26,699	19,147		12,860	

**Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

**Expense** – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pen	sion Expense	OPEB Expense		
PSPRS Fire	\$	189,495	\$	1,778	

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** – At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Pen	sion		Health Insurance Premium Benefit								
	Ου	utflows of Inflows of		Outflows of Outf		Inflows of C		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected													
and actual experience	\$	183,253	\$	22,172	\$	-	\$	130					
Changes of assumptions or													
other inputs		106,878		11,454		-		5,987					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		11,552		_		_		1,180					
Town contributions subsequent		11,002						1,100					
to the measurement date		119,326				2,830							
Total	\$	421,009	\$	33,626	\$	2,830	\$	7,297					

#### NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Fire							
	P	ension	Health					
Year ended June 30,		_						
2019	\$	55,528	\$	(1,426)				
2020		63,121		(1,426)				
2021		56,359		(1,426)				
2022		40,642		(1,426)				
2023		43,570		(1,131)				
Thereafter		8,837		(462)				

#### NOTE 11 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund payables – Interfund payables for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

		Payable to			
	Sewer				
Payable from			Fund		
Tianguis Econ. Dev. Fund		\$	70,443		

The purpose of the interfund payables shown above was to temporarily fund the operations of the aforementioned departments/activities.

Interfund transfers – Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Transfer From				
Transfer	(	General	,	Sewer	
To		Fund		Fund	Total
HURF/LTAF Fund Community Services Grants Fund (nonmajor fund)	\$	6,042 120,181	\$	51,135	\$ 57,177 120,181
Debt Service Fund (nonmajor fund)		294,319		<u>-</u>	294,319
Total	\$	420,542	\$	51,135	\$ 471,677

The purpose of the interfund transfer shown above to the Community Service Grants Fund was to help pay for expenditures not reimbursable under grant contracts. The purpose of the transfer to the Debt Service Fund was to pay for debt service expenditures related to the GADA loans (see Note 8). The purpose of the interfund transfer from the Sewer Fund to the HURF/LTAF Fund was to pay for street expenditures incurred over current year revenues and the fund balance.

#### *NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS*

**Refuse Collection Contract** – The Town has contracted with a waste management firm to provide trash, and rubbish collection services to certain designated areas. The contract period is March 1, 2015 through February 28, 2020. Payments under the current contract for the year ended June 30, 2018, were approximately \$258,222. Payments are based on the number of residences in the Town times a monthly rate of \$16.07. The monthly rate is adjusted annually on March 1 based on the Consumer Price Index as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The approximate total obligation under the contract for each fiscal year based on the current number of residences in the Town is as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30	A	Amount
2019	\$	261,431
2020		174,287

**Public Safety** – The Town of Guadalupe entered into a contract with the Maricopa County Sheriff's Department for public safety services for the next fiscal year. Based on this agreement, the rendition of police services, the standards of performance, the discipline of officers, and other matters incidental to the performance of such services, and the control of personnel so employed shall remain in the County Sheriff's Department. For the year ending June 30, 2018, the Town paid the County Sheriff \$1,660,185 and has agreed to monthly installments of \$147,921 for the 2019 fiscal year. Under the contract, a notice of termination of contract may be given by either party 180 days prior to the date of intended termination.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenue				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,016,568	\$ 3,016,568	\$ 2,008,633	\$ (1,007,935)
Taxes	2,285,384	2,285,384	2,569,182	283,798
Charges for services	65,000	65,000	143,879	78,879
Other revenue	96,268	96,268	22,254	(74,014)
Licenses and permits	35,000	35,000	134,753	99,753
Fines and forfeitures	46,876	46,876	31,067	(15,809)
Interest	600	600	12,336	11,736
Total revenue	5,545,696	5,545,696	4,922,104	(623,592)
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety	3,443,334	3,060,909	3,049,133	11,776
General government	1,080,063	1,419,488	944,889	474,599
Public works and streets	12,149	12,149	11,356	793
Culture and recreation	141,774	171,774	162,260	9,514
Community development	38,102	51,102	42,931	8,171
Debt Service				
Principal	1,245	1,245	1,245	-
Interest	275	275	275	-
Capital outlay	607,952	607,952	607,952	
Total expenditures	5,324,894	5,324,894	4,820,041	504,853
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	220,802	220,802	102,063	(118,739)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease acquisition	=	-	563,036	563,036
Transfers in (out)	(451,097)	(451,097)	(420,542)	30,555
Total other financing sources (uses)	(451,097)	(451,097)	142,494	593,591
Net changes in fund balances	(230,295)	(230,295)	244,557	474,852
Fund balances, beginning of year	891,034	891,034	891,034	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 660,739	\$ 660,739	\$ 1,135,591	\$ 474,852

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Development Grants Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		
Revenue									
Intergovernmental	\$	2,631,340	\$	2,631,340	\$	307,883	\$	(2,323,457)	
Other revenue		=		-		40,456		40,456	
Total revenue		2,631,340		2,631,340		348,339		(2,283,001)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Community development		2,323,457		2,323,457		3,067		2,320,390	
Capital outlay		307,883		307,883		307,883		-	
Total expenditures		2,631,340		2,631,340		310,950		2,320,390	
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		37,389		37,389	
Fund balances, beginning of year		122,085		122,085		122,085			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	122,085	\$	122,085	\$	159,474	\$	37,389	

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

# HURF/LTAF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			A	Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	A	mounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenue								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,926,216	\$	1,926,216	\$	608,555	\$	(1,317,661)
Interest						4,398		4,398
Total revenue		1,926,216		1,926,216		612,953		(1,313,263)
Expenditures								
Current								
Public works and streets		1,847,163		1,847,163		382,192		1,464,971
Capital outlay		299,514		299,514		299,514		
Total expenditures		2,146,677		2,146,677		681,706		1,464,971
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(220,461)		(220,461)		(68,753)		151,708
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers		204,491		204,491		57,177		(147,314)
Net changes in fund balances		(15,970)		(15,970)		(11,576)		4,394
Fund balances, beginning of year		11,576		11,576		11,576		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(4,394)	\$	(4,394)	\$	_	\$	4,394

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the Town to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Town Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July. A.R.S. prohibit expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Town Councils' approval.

#### NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Town's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2018

#### **ASRS-Pension**

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2009						
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.007570%	0.007970%	0.006910%	0.006605%	Information						
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,179,258	\$ 1,286,438	\$ 1,075,859	\$ 977,331	not available						
Town's covered payroll	\$ 701,658	\$ 738,452	\$ 636,171	\$ 595,402							
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	168.07%	174.21%	169.11%	164.15%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%							

#### **ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit**

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				
		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2009			
Town's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)		0.007610%	Information			
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(4,143)	not available			
Town's covered payroll	\$	701,658				
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-0.59%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		103.57%				

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2018

# **ASRS-Long-Term Disability**

		•	Fiscal Year ment Date)	
		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2009	
Town's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	(	).007570%	Information	
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	2,744	not available	
Town's covered payroll	\$	701,658		
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.39%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		84.44%		

#### TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans

Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2018

#### **PSPRS**

covered payroll

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2014 2015 2018 2017 2016 through (2017)(2016)(2015)(2014)2009 Information Total pension liability Service cost 79,931 59,089 50,177 50,552 not available Interest on the total pension liability 147,625 119,379 110,540 96,007 Changes of benefit terms 15,342 131,109 21,443 Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability 134,105 97,848 (41,101)(4,211)Changes of assumptions or other inputs (13,572)78,089 106,427 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (48,359)(48,359) (48,359)(47,649)315,072 Net change in total pension liability 437,155 108,147 185,679 Total pension liability - beginning 1,952,547 1,515,392 1,407,245 1,221,566 Total pension liability - ending (a) 2,267,619 1,952,547 1,515,392 1,407,245 Plan fiduciary net position \$ \$ 55,194 Contributions - employer 94,415 82,876 58,412 Contributions - employee 37,461 36,288 30,153 27,116 Net investment income 114,391 5,169 29,544 92,104 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (48,359)(48,359)(48,359)(47,649)Administrative expense (1,412)(1,144)(1,107)(23,055)Other changes (527)Net change in plan fiduciary net position 196,507 74,835 68,116 103,710 Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 930,543 855,708 787,592 683,882 Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$ 1,127,050 930,543 855,708 787,592 Town's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) \$ 1,140,569 \$ 1,022,004 659,684 619,653 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 49.70% 47.66% 56.47% 55.97% Covered payroll 351,344 311,485 272,878 261,991 Town's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of

324.63%

328.11%

236.52%

241.75%

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2018

#### **PSPRS**

	Reporting Fiscal Year				
		(Measurer			
			2017		
		2018	through		
	(	(2017)	2009		
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	1,159	Information		
Interest on the total OPEB liability		4,605	not available		
Changes of benefit terms		-			
Differences between expected and actual experience					
in the measurement of the OPEB liability		(154)			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(7,094)			
Benefit payments		(1,200)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,684)			
Total OPEB liability - beginning		61,427			
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	58,743			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	3,059			
Net investment income		4,071			
Benefit payments		(1,200)			
Administrative expense		(36)			
Other changes		-			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,894			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		33,702			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	39,596			
Than inductary net position - ending (b)	Ψ	37,370			
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	19,147			
Town's net OFED (asset) habitity - ending (a) - (b)	φ	19,147			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
OPEB liability		67.41%			
	ф	251 244			
Covered payroll	\$	351,344			
The state of the s					
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of		= 1=c:			
covered payroll		5.45%			

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2018

#### **ASRS-Pension**

	Reporting Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2009
Statutorily required contribution  Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	76,481	\$	79,603	\$	80,925	\$	69,279	\$	63,708	Information not available
required contribution		(76,481)		(79,603)		(80,925)		(69,279)		(63,708)	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Town's covered payroll	\$	701,658	\$	738,432	\$	745,853	\$	636,171	\$	595,402	
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered											
payroll		10.90%		10.78%		10.85%		10.89%		10.70%	

#### **ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit**

	Reporting Fiscal Year							
	2018			2017	2016 through 2009			
Statutorily required contribution  Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	3,087	\$	4,096	Information not available			
required contribution		(3,087)		(4,096)				
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-				
Town's covered payroll	\$	701,658	\$	738,432				
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered								
payroll		0.44%		0.55%				

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2018

# **ASRS-Long-Term Disability**

	Reporting Fiscal Year							
		2018		2017	2016 through 2009			
Statutorily required contribution  Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	1,117	\$	1,029	Information not available			
required contribution		(1,117)		(1,029)				
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-				
Town's covered payroll	\$	701,658	\$	738,432				
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.16%		0.14%				

#### **PSPRS**

	Reporting Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2009
Actuarially determined contribution  Town's contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	119,326	\$	94,415	\$	82,876	\$	58,412	\$	55,194	Information not available
determined contribution		(119,326)		(94,415)		(82,876)		(58,412)		(55,194)	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	336,151	\$	351,344	\$	311,485	\$	272,878	\$	261,991	
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		35.84%		26.87%		26.61%		21.41%		21.07%	

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2018

# **PSPRS**

	Reporting Fiscal Year						
	2018			2017	2016 through 2009		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,830	\$	3,059	Information		
Town's contributions in relation to the actuarially					not available		
determined contribution		(2,830)		(3,059)			
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-			
Town's covered payroll	\$	336,151	\$	351,344			
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered							
payroll		0.85%		0.87%			

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB plan schedules June 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES**

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period

as of the 2016 actuarial 20 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased

from 7.85% to 7.5%. In 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return

was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.5% - 8.5% to 4.0% - 8.0%. In 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary

increases were decreased from 5.0% - 9.0% to 4.5% - 8.5%.

Wage growth In 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%.

In 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

#### NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the Town refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the Town to reduce

# TOWN OF GUADALUPE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB plan schedules June 30, 2018

# NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS – Continued

its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the Town's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of Guadalupe, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2018.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Guadalupe, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 17, 2018

My & Power, PLC